

CICS Extreme Debugging -- MQ Attachment

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Agenda

- The basic structure of the CICS-WMQ Adapter
- Differences between the CICS-shipped adapter and the WMQ-shipped adapter.
- Tuning and Monitoring implications
- WMQ and CICS dump formatters
- Dump Analysis



The CICS-MQ Adapter

- CICS/TS 3.1 does not ship the CICS-WMQ Adapter.
 - ▶ It will use the one shipped with any release of WMQ.
- CICS/TS 3.2, CICS/TS 4.1 and CICS /TS4.2 do ship the CICS-WMQ Adapter.

The WMQ-supplied Adapter

- The adapter attaches 8 subtask TCBs per CICS region. These TCBs are identified to WMQ as 'server threads.'
 - ▶ The initial program for these subtask TCBs is CSQCSERV.
- Together, these 8 'server threads' service all the WMQ API requests made by CICS tasks.
 - ▶ A CICS task doesn't own a server thread for the life of the task.
 - ▶ Many tasks within the CICS region share the 8 'server threads.'
- These 'server threads' do not maintain any affinity to the CICS tasks whose requests they service.
- They pick up a single request, a QRPL, they service it, post back the waiting CICS task, and are then free to handle the next request from any task.
- The 'server threads' live long term, usually for the life of the CICS region.



The WMQ-supplied Adapter - Continued

- 'Server threads' remain attached to their respective CICS region.
 - ▶ They are attached when the WMQ Interface is established and will remain until the Interface is terminated.
 - ▶ They do not come and go with CICS transactions.
- A WMQ thread is not the same thing as a 'server thread'. A WMQ thread aligns with a CICS task or an WMQ Unit of Recovery. It is typically short-lived.
 - ▶ A WMQ Display Thread command displays a WMQ Thread, not a 'server thread'.
 - ▶ Threads mentioned in WMQ Dump Formatters are WMQ Threads, not 'server threads.'
 - ▶ Once the CICS task is through with the WMQ call the WMQ thread returns to 'server thread' status.



The WMQ-supplied Adapter - Continued

- The WMQ CTHREAD parameter limits the number of 'server threads.'
 - ▶ The CICS QR TCB is a special coordinator 'server thread'
 - ▶ This coordinator server thread and the 8 server threads built on the CSQCSERV TCBs make up the 9 server threads each CICS region has.
 - ▶ Each CICS region uses up 9 of the CTHREAD limit.



The WMQ CICS - supplied Adapter

- CICS uses L8 mode TCBs for all calls to WMQ.
 - ▶ When an L8 TCB is used for a WMQ call for the first time, it is identified to WMQ as a 'server thread.'
- MAXOPENTCBS controls the number of L8 and L9 mode TCBs. If enough tasks run concurrently issuing WMQ calls, it is possible for there to be up to MAXOPENTCBS worth of 'server threads' identified to WMQ.
- An L8 TCB 'server thread' is not shared by several tasks running concurrently. For the life of a CICS task an L8 TCB 'server thread' is owned exclusively by the task for WMQ calls and for other requests that need an L8 TCB.
- The lifetime of an L8 TCB server thread is generally the life of the CICS-WMQ connection.
 - ▶ There is a decay algorithm that causes L8 TCBs to be detached if unused for an hour or so.



The WMQ CICS - supplied Adapter - Continued

- The WMQ CTHREAD parameter limits the number of 'server threads.'
 - ▶ The CICS QR TCB is a special coordinator 'server thread'
 - ▶ All of the L8 TCBs that have been used for a WMQ call (and therefore have been identified to WMQ) are server threads.
 - ▶ The maximum number of 'server threads' is MAXOPENTCBS plus 1.
- When running WMQ V6 and upgrading from CICS/TS 3.1 or lower, to CICS/TS 3.2 and above, CTHREAD may very well need to be raised.
 - ▶ Consider eliminating CTHREAD by setting to the maximum 32767.
- At WMQ V7 CTHREAD is forced to 32767 and is not adjustable.



Tuning and Monitoring Considerations



Tuning Considerations for CTHREAD

- What are the costs of having a server thread connect to a queue manager?
 - ▶ Each server thread requires about 5K from high private in the queue manager ASID, and about 5K from ECSA.
 - ▶ With WMQ V7 APAR PK69439 and WMQ V6 APAR PK68189, each server thread requires about 4K from high private in the CICS address space. Without the APARs, the 4K is from below-the-line private.

Performance Class Monitoring Considerations

- At CICS/TS 3.1 with the MQ-supplied Adapter, the CSQCSERV subtask TCBs are not managed by the CICS dispatcher.
 - ▶ CPU used by those TCBs will be charged to the CICS address space but will not be attributed to the CICS tasks whose MQ calls were serviced by those server threads.



Performance Class Monitoring implications

- At CICS/TS 3.2 and above with the CICS-supplied Adapter, the L8 Mode subtask TCBs are managed by the CICS dispatcher
 - ▶ CPU used by those server threads will be charged to the CICS address space and is attributed to the CICS task.
 - ▶ Because of this, L8CPUT and USRCPUT will be higher, especially for transactions that make lots of WMQ calls.



Inquire Task implications

- At CICS/TS 3.1 and prior, a task that is processing in WMQ would be in a TASKSWCH suspend.
- At CICS/TS 3.2 and above, a task that is processing in WMQ will be Running on an L8 TCB.
 - ▶ On EXEC CICS INQUIRE TASK, there is a CURRENTPROG attribute that returns DFHMQTRU when CICS is processing an MQ call.



WMQ and CICS Dump Formatters



VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MQ=1'

- This MQ summary shows all the CICS tasks that are making MQ calls.
 - ▶ Note the jobname and ASID of CICS
 - ▶ Note the MQ Queue Manager name
 - ▶ Scroll down to the All Transactions Summary



VERBX DFHPDxxx 'mq=1'

```
-- DFHPD0121I FORMATTING CONTROL BLOCKS FOR JOB CICS01
```

```
ADDRESS SPACE ASID NUMBER (HEX) = 0182
```

- The hex ASID number and Jobname will be useful when looking at the MQ formatter.

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MQ=1'

```
==MQ: GLOBAL STATE SUMMARY
```

Connection status:	Connected
In standby mode:	No
Subsys:	CSQA
WMQ release:	0701
Initiation Queue:	CICS01.INITQ
API Crossing exit active:	No

- The Queue Manager Subsystem is necessary for when invoking the MQ formatter.

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MQ=1'

```
==MQ: ALL TRANSACTIONS SUMMARY
```

Tran id	Task num	TcaAddr	TieAddr	LotAddr	ThrdAddr	Uowid	Tcb in MQ
CKTI	00044	5B705100	5CD7A1B8	5CD7A238	5CD7A290	C6EF8A4AC222C384	No
TRN1	75696	5B70E700	5D2E6650	5D2E66D0	5D2E6728	C6EFF57E75472792	Yes
TRN2	75685	5B702700	5CD7ADF8	5CD7AE78	5CD7AED0	C6EFF57E71FF8704	No
TRN2	75686	5B71C700	5D2E67D8	5D2E6858	5D2E68B0	C6EFF57E72337819	No
TRN3	75693	5B706700	5CD7A650	5CD7A6D0	5CD7A728	C6EFF57E74BF8F19	No
.

- All of these tasks have issued WMQ calls. Only one task is currently in WMQ.
- A task showing as 'In MQ' is like a task showing in a TASKSWCH wait using the WMQ-supplied adapter.

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'DS=1'

S	F	P	TT	RESOURCE	RESOURCE_NAME	W	TIME OF	TIMEOUT	DTA	AD	ATTACHER	M	SUSPAREA	XM_TXN_TOKEN
				TYPE			SUSPEND	DUE	(DSTSK)		TOKEN			
S	P	N	-	MQSeries	GETWAIT	M	06:45:50.092	-	28B92500	XM	5D2C8300	L8	5D2E6BEC	5D2C83000075709C
S	P	N	-	MQSeries	GETWAIT	M	06:45:53.435	-	28B92680	XM	5D2D8B00	L8	5CD7AA64	5D2D8B000075720C
R									28B92800	XM	5D2C3500	L8		5D2C35000075696C
.

- Dispatcher shows this task as running
- The 'MQ=1' summary showed this task was in WMQ. Usually a task would only be in WMQ for a short duration of time.
- The times in the DS=1 summary are STCK format with no adjustments for time zone or leap seconds.
- If the task became running on its L8 TCB well before dump time, you would need to investigate that L8 TCB. What is the z/OS TCB address?
- Scroll down to the next summary in DS=1.

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'DS=1'

```
==DS: TASKS USING OPEN TCBS SUMMARY

DS_TOKEN KE_TASK  XM_TXN_TOKEN      TCB_ID DS_TCB  MVS_TCB
02800003 5B9C3100 63038D000075749C L803D  63572D00 009637D8
02820007 5BB7D900 630803000075793C L802B  638A8300 0097C658
0284047F 5BB39100 6303F3000075765C L8024  5D21E500 0098CC88
040A0071 5BB23500 5D2C35000075696C L8025  5D21EF00 0097A0A0
. . .
```

- All of the tasks in the MQ=1 summary will also be in this summary as they will all have an L8 TCB.
- Other tasks not issuing WMQ calls may be in this summary as well.
- For task 75696, its TCB address is 97A0A0.

VERBX csqwdprd 'subsys=csqa'

- The WMQ formatter accesses control blocks in ECSA so you can do this with just a dump of CICS.
 - ▶ Use the Queue Manager Subsystem ID from CICS 'MQ=1'
 - ▶ In the output, find on the CICS hex ASID number noted earlier. Issue the find like this: f x0182



Verbx csqwdprd 'subsys=csqa'

```
Jobname ZZC34      Conntype CICS      ASID x0182  ASCE 22D9FA48.
EB 2189A188  ACE 2189A128  Thread 5D231238 Tran TRN1 Task 0075784C      TCB 0098C620.
EB 21899078  ACE 21899018  Thread 5D254858 Tran TRN8 Task 0075689C      TCB 009757E0.
EB 2189A8D8  ACE 2189A878  Thread 5D2E6548 Tran TRN8 Task 0075738C      TCB 00983AD8.
EB 21FC5668  ACE 21FC5608  Thread 5CD7A3C0 Tran TRN7 Task 0075692C      TCB 0097A868.
EB 21FC5530  ACE 21FC54D0  Thread 5D2313C0 Tran TRN7 Task 0075765C      TCB 0098CC88.
EB 1F43FB48  ACE 1F43FAE8  Thread 5D2E66D0 Tran TRN1 Task 0075696C      TCB 0097A0A0.
. . .
```

- These are the current WMQ threads. These should match up with the CICS tasks in CICS 'MQ=1' summary.

A WMQ V6 example

```
Jobname CICSJOB1  Conntype CICS      ASID x0122.
  EB 1C962518  ACE 1C9624B8  Thread 00000000  Tran TR21  Task 0008912C
  EB 1C5733F8  ACE 1C573398  Thread 00000000  Tran TR22  Task 0058138C
  EB 1BBCFF38  ACE 1BBCFED8  Thread 00000000  Tran TR22  Task 0047300C
  EB 1BBCF998  ACE 1BBCF938  Thread 2C2EF1C8  Tran CKTI  Task 0000043C
```

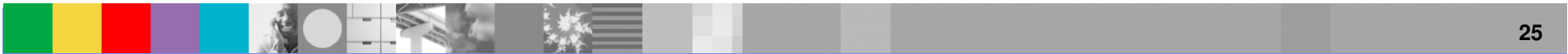
- There is only 1 thread, the 1 with a non-zero Thread address.
- The other 3 'threads' are just sets of control blocks that used to be threads and are ready to go when needed for a new thread.
- WMQ APAR PK75212 changes the formatter to not show these free threads.

Using a Dump to View WMQ tasks



Questions to be answered

- Is CICS healthy?
- Is the task currently calling WMQ?
- How long ago was the call made?
- What program made the call?
- How can I find out the call type and locate the parameters?
- How many calls has the task made?



You've got a dump. What first?

- **Make sure CICS is healthy as a job**
 - ▶ Don't focus on task hangs if CICS itself is not healthy
 - ▶ Find out what time the dump was taken
 - ▶ Compare to CICS internal time stamps
 - ▶ If CICS is healthy those times will be close together

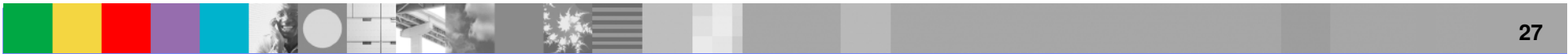


What time is it?

- Most timestamps are in local time
 - ▶ CICS internal trace
 - ▶ Console log
 - ▶ CICS messages
 - ▶ Kernel formatter

- Some timestamps are in GMT
 - ▶ CICS dispatcher summary
 - ▶ Units of Work (UOW)
 - ▶ Dump Incident Token time

- You need to be able to convert from GMT to local
 - ▶ Can be tricky if Leap Seconds are being used



Convert GMT time to Local

- Figure out the difference between GMT and Local

- ▶ Issue **LTOD 0** from Option 6 of IPCS
- ▶ This will provide the following output:

```
09/17/2042 22:53:47.370496 STCK X'00000000 00000000'  
09/17/2042 22:53:47.370496 UTC X'00000000 00000000'  
09/17/2042 23:53:47.370496 LOCAL X'FFFFBCF1 DCC00000
```

- In this case Local time and STCK are one hour apart exactly.
- If STCK and UTC are identical, there are no leap seconds
 - ▶ If there were Leap Seconds involved these times would be different.
 - ▶ Leap Seconds are shop dependent



What time was the dump taken?

- From option 6 of IPCS (COMMAND) issue: **ST SYS**

SYSTEM STATUS:

Sysplex name: SYSPLEX1

TIME OF DAY CLOCK: C8190185 BBD100EE 07/20/2011 13:00:04.466960 local

TIME OF DAY CLOCK: C818F41C 819100EE 07/20/2011 12:00:04.466960 GMT

Program Producing Dump: SVCDUMP

Program Requesting Dump: IEAVTSDT

Incident token: SYSPLEX1 MV23 07/20/2011 11:59:49.737423 GMT

- Use Incident token time
 - 11:59:49.737423 = 12:59:49.737423 Local Time



CSA Time-of-Day

- A byproduct of CICS being healthy is the CSA time-of-day field, CSATODP, being updated with the current time
 - ▶ When CICS is healthy, CSATODP is updated regularly
 - ▶ When CICS is unhealthy, CSATODP is not updated

- Therefore, a quick and effective way to gauge CICS's health is to compare the time the dump was taken to the CSA time-of-day field
 - ▶ CSATODP (CSA +x'50') is in the form of HHMMSSTF where
 - H is hours, M is minutes, S is seconds, T is tenths (F indicates a field in packed decimal format)
 - ▶ The CSA can be formatted using **VERBX DFHPDxxx 'CSA=2'**

Note: CSATODP is updated on every QR TCB dispatch and also when an ASKTIME is issued on ANY TCB. So, CICS can appear healthy even though the QR isn't being dispatched if another TCB (L8, L9) is issuing EXEC CICS ASKTIME

What time does CICS think it is?

- **VERBX DFHPD650 'CSA=2'**

```
0000 00000200 0004C020 0004F5A0 948E5C32 80BF3498 80800000 14FDB030 14F98260
0020 00000000 14F95100 0000010C 00000000 948E577A 15330000 14FDB030 14FC0D50
0040 00055B20 140DC800 0010032C 008B2000 1259497F 14052108 00000200 00000000
```

- **CSA +X'50'** is Local Time in packed decimal field of format HHMMSST. This one is 12:59:49.7
 - ▶ Matches local time of dump calculated on slide 29
 - ▶ Updated every time a task is dispatched on the QR TCB or ASKTIME is issued on any CICS TCB

If CSA time and Dump time are minutes apart

- CICS is probably not healthy as a job
 - ▶ CICS may be in a loop which does not update CSATODP
 - CICS will continue to loop if ICVR set to 0
 - CICS MAY continue to loop even if ICVR is set to reasonable value
 - ▶ CICS may be in a hard wait
 - ▶ CICS may be CPU starved
- Determine why CICS is not receiving resources needed to run

Are Tasks Currently calling WMQ?

- To see if a task is currently calling MQ issue VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MQ'

```
==MQ: ALL TRANSACTIONS SUMMARY
```

Tran id	Task num	TcaAddr	TieAddr	LotAddr	ThrdAddr	Uowid	Tcb in MQ
CKTI	00041	140E2100	153B21B8	153B2238	153B2290	C81819C885B51E41	No
MQED	30749	140EA100	153B2340	153B23C0	153B2418	C818F40EC53D4D83	Yes
MQED	30750	140E3100	153FD7D8	153FD858	153FD8B0	C818F40EC540CB03	Yes
MQED	30751	140E9100	153FD340	153FD3C0	153FD418	C818F40EC558D9C3	Yes
MQED	30752	140E3800	153FD030	153FD0B0	153FD108	C818F40EC597E44E	Yes
MQED	30753	140E4800	153FD960	153FD9E0	153FDA38	C818F40EC59A8B4E	Yes
MQED	30754	140EB800	153FD650	153FD6D0	153FD728	C818F40EC5A72446	Yes
MQED	30755	140E2800	153B2DF8	153B2E78	153B2ED0	C818F40EC5B474C6	Yes

When was the WMQ call issued?

- Issue VERBX DFHPDxxx 'DS' to view the Dispatcher Domain

DS_TOKEN	KE_TASK	T	S	RESOURCE TYPE	RESOURCE NAME	TIME OF SUSPEND	DTA DSTSK)	ATTACHER TOKEN	M	SUSPAREA	XM	TXN_TOKEN
040A10AD	14EEB700	N	R				13FF8800	16410B00	L8			16410B000030764C
04820001	14EFD700	N	S			19:43:17	13FF9200	14FA2300	QR	14F33A78		14FA23000000040C
04840001	14EFD100	N	S	MQSeries	GETWAIT	11:59:50	13FF9380	14FA2500	L8	153B22BC		14FA25000000041C
048C10A7	14EFA100	N	R				13FF9980	14FA2B00	L8			14FA2B000030753C
05000C95	14ECD100	N	R				26C5C080	153F1300	L8			153F13000030749C
05020C91	14EA0100	N	R				26C5C200	1645A100	L8			1645A1000030766C

- Dispatcher shows this task as running on an L8 TCB
- The 'MQ=1' summary showed this task was in WMQ. Usually a task would only be in WMQ for a short duration of time.
- How long has this task been running in MQ?
- Display the DTA: ip | **26C5C080** |(X'60')

The DTA

```
LIST 26C5C080. ASID(X'0049') LENGTH(X'60') AREA
26C5C080. FFFFFFFF 05000C95 C4E2E3E2 D2C4C5C6 05000C95 C5E4C540 40404040 40404040
26C5C0A0. 26C5C080 00000000 FE000000 26C76800 FFFFFFFF 00000000 FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF
26C5C0C0. 00000000 02FF0000 DFFFFFFF 0021FF82 C818F40E C7B8ACCE C818F40E 3B62328E
```

- For a task that is Running, DTA+X'58' is the time the task became Running, within a tenth of a second. Format this to see what time it is.
- Issue: ip Itod C818F40E3B62328E

```
07/20/2011 11:59:49.499427 STCK X'C818F40E 3B62328E'
07/20/2011 11:59:49.499427 UTC X'C818F40E 3B62328E'
07/20/2011 12:59:49.499427 LOCAL X'C8190177 75A2328E'
```

- If the time is right at dump time, then the dump was taken while the task was just doing some MQ work.
- From slide 30 we found the dump was taken at 12:59:49.737423 Local Time.
- If it is some time prior, the task is hung for some reason.



What we know so far ...

- CICS Dump was taken at 12:59:49.737423 Local Time
- CSATOD (Time of Day) is 12:59:49.7 - CICS is healthy
- There currently are seven tasks in WMQ at dump time
- Task 30749 became running at 12:59:49.499427



What Program Issued the WMQ Call?

- Issue VERBX DFHPDxxx 'PG' for Program Domain and issue F 30749 for the task number

```

==PG: PTA SUMMARY FOR TRAN NUM : 30749, PTA ADDRESS : 14DFE810
LOG-LVL : 3          SYS-LVL : 0          TASK-LLE : 00000000  PLCB : 14ED27E8
=PG: TASK PLCB SUMMARY
PROG DFHMQTRU LVL  3  PLCB 14ED27E8 LD 00000000 ENT 00000000 LEN 000000 PPT 15050E70 ENV TRUE INV MQPUTLOG EXIT
PROGRAM: DFHMQTRU CPE: 140A6100 LIB: DFHRPL  CONCAT: 03
PROG MQPUTLOG LVL  2  PLCB 14ED12C8 LD 16448000 ENT 96448028 LEN 005B50 PPT 153324F0 ENV EXEC INV MQGETLOC EXIT
PROGRAM: MQPUTLOG CPE: 15331850 LIB: DFHRPL  CONCAT: 01
PROG MQGETLOC LVL  1  PLCB 14ECF060 LD 16436000 ENT 96436028 LEN 006298 PPT 15332620 ENV EXEC INV CICS  EXIT
PROGRAM: MQGETLOC CPE: 140AB100 LIB: DFHRPL  CONCAT: 01
  
```

- This display shows the first level program MQGETLOC was INVoked by CICS and LINKed to second level program MQPUTLOG.
- The second level program MQPUTLOG then made a call to DFHMQTRU. You will see this when the program is active in WMQ.
- Note that this will not show COBOL CALLS. Verification of where the call was made to WMQ is still needed.

What Program Issued the WMQ Call?

- CICS will obtain a control block called Program Environment Save Area (PESA) when stacking a user environment. This will be done when:
 - ▶ EXEC CICS LINK is issued
 - ▶ Call to a Global User Exit (GLUE) that can issue EXEC CICS commands
 - ▶ Call to a Task Related User Exit (TRUE) such as WMQ and DB2
 - ▶ Call to a User Replaceable Module (URM) such as the WMQ API Crossing Exit
- PESA can be used to get back to the program that made the WMQ call
- To find a PESA for a transaction issue VERBX DFHPDxxx 'AP' and then issue F PESA.xxxxx where xxxxx is the transaction number.

PESA for Transaction 30749

PESA.30749 14ED28A8 PROGRAM ENVIRONMENT SAVE AREA

0000	02806EC4	C6C8D7C5	E2C10500	14ED1328	00000000	00000000	16AC3868	00000000
0020	00000000	00000000	00000000	000016AB	E6200000	00000000	000014FA	307414ED
0040	1F840000	0000D3F8	20080000	00000000	0006B880	80400000	00000000	000016AB
0060	E6680000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
0080	00000000	00000000	00000000	00001640	E0D00000	000016AC	38680000	00000000

- Offset X'18' for a WMQ PESA will point to Register 13 of the caller.
 - ▶ For WMQ this will be the Register Save Area when the call was made.
 - ▶ Note that offset X'96' also has the same address in case you are reviewing PESAs for other TRUEs, GLUEs or URM.

Register Save Area when WMQ call was issued

16AC3868:			00104001	16AC36C0{
16AC3870:	16AC3988	1644CC88	00000000	9644C502	...h...h...o.E.
16AC3880:	16AC3968	166400C0	16640040	166510C0{... ...{
16AC3890:	166502D0	14ED1EE0	00000000	166500C0	...}... \.....{
16AC38A0:	16AC4A58	16448170	1644C3A2	16AC2990	..ç...a...Cs...
16AC38B0:	00000000	16AC3988	00000000	16AC3738h.....
16AC38C0:	16AC3868	16AC4A58	955B1648	00000000ç.n\$.

- Offset X'C' is Register 14 when the WMQ call was made and will point to the WMQ Stub.
- Offset X'14' is Register 0 when the WMQ call was made and will point to where the program actually issued the WMQ call.
- Offset X'18' is Register 1 when the WMQ call was made and will point to the parameters passed from the Application.

WMQ Stub

1644CC88			47F0E008	08000005		.0\.....	
1644CC90	12FF4740	E01218E0	07FE18F0	41000008		... \..\...0....	
1644CCA0	06008900	00021A10	18015811	0000D203		..i.....K.	
1644CCB0	1000E054	18104100	00041B10	58E10000		..\.....	
1644CCC0	41000002	500E0000	41000008	06000600	&.....	

- Offset 4 within the WMQ stub is the number of parameters passed and the type.
 - ▶ 08 is the number of parameters passed and the type of call is 05. Most common call types are:
 - 01 = Open
 - 02 = Close
 - 03 = Get
 - 04 = Put
 - 05 = Put1

Program that made the WMQ call

- Format Loader Domain by issuing: VERBX DFHPDxxx 'LD'
- Issue F 'PROGRAM STORAGE MAP' to get to the modules loaded within the CICS region
- Use the address derived from the WMQ Register Save Area on slide 40 (9644C502)

PGM NAME	ENTRY PT	CSECT	LOAD PT.	REL.	PTF	LVL.	LAST COMPILED	COPY NO.	USERS
DFHEDFM	96402000	-noheda-	16402000					1	0
MQGETLOC	96436028	DFHYI660	16436000	660				1	18
MQPUTLOG	96448028	DFHYI660	16448000	660				1	8
MQOPEN	9644F028	DFHYI660	1644F000	660				1	5

- Address that made WMQ call resides in program MQPUTLOG.
 - ▶ Matches what was found in the PG domain on slide 37.
 - ▶ MQPUTLOG made the WMQ call at x'44DA'
 - 1644C502 (from PESA offset X'14') minus program entrypoint 16448028

Parameters passed on the WMQ call

- Use register one derived from the WMQ Save Area on slide 40 (16AC3968).

16AC3968			166502A0	166502F8	8	
16AC3970	16650488	166506B0	16650290	16650684		...h.....d	
16AC3980	166502B8	966502D0	00000000	00000000	o..}

- There were 8 parameters passed on the PUT1 WMQ call. The list is terminated when the high order bit is on.
- The WebSphere MQ z/OS Problem Determination Guide lists all the parameters passed for all calls. Here is what's documented for MQPUT1:
 - ▶ ARG 000 Connection handle
 - ▶ ARG 001 Object descriptor
 - ▶ ARG 002 Message descriptor
 - ▶ ARG 003 Put message options
 - ▶ ARG 004 Buffer length
 - ▶ ARG 005 Message data
 - ▶ ARG 006 Completion code
 - ▶ ARG 007 Reason code

Important Arguments Passed

- **ARG 001 - Object Descriptor (MQOD) will contain the Queue Name**

```
▶ 166502F8          D6C44040    00000001    |          OD    .... |
▶ 16650300    00000001    C5C44BD3    D6C74BD8    E4C5E4C5    | ... ED.LOG.QUEUE |
```

- **ARG 003 - Put Message Options (MQMPO) will contain options**

```
▶ 166506B0    D7D4D640    00000001    00000002    FFFFFFFF    | PMO ..... |
```

- The 00000002 indicates Syncpoint - See WMQ z/OS Problem Determination Guide for all options

- **ARG 004 - Buffer Length**

```
▶ 16650290    00000008
```

- **ARG 005 - Message Data**

```
▶ 16650684          C5C4E940    C4C1E3C1    F8F2F1F8    | EDZ DATA3218 |
```



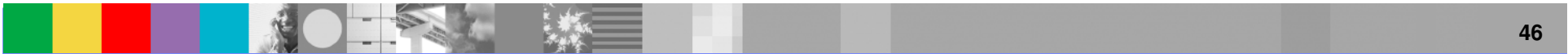
What we know so far ...

- CICS Dump was taken at 12:59:49.737423 Local Time
- CSATOD (Time of Day) is 12:59:49.7 - CICS is healthy
- There currently are seven tasks in WMQ at dump time
- Task 30749 became running at 12:59:49.499427
- Program MQPUTLOG made a WMQ PUT1 call at offset X'44DA'
- WMQ PUT1 call was made to ED.LOG.QUEUE
 - ▶ SYNCPOINT Option
 - ▶ Eight byte buffer
 - ▶ Data passed was EDZ DATA



How many WMQ Calls has the task issued

- There are some helpful changes in the monitoring domain dump formatter with CICS/TS 4.1 when performance class monitoring is active.
 - ▶ For active tasks, all the non-zero monitoring fields are formatted, DFH\$MOLS style.
 - ▶ There is a summary of active tasks showing a few key monitoring fields.



VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MN'

- Scroll down to the Overview and verify there are Transaction Monitoring Areas (TMA)
 - ▶ TMAs will be zero if Monitoring is not active

Number of Transaction Monitoring Areas 19

CICS Monitoring is ACTIVE

Exception Monitoring is ACTIVE

Performance Monitoring is ACTIVE

Resource Monitoring is ACTIVE

Identity Monitoring is NOT ACTIVE

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MN'

- Find on 'TMA-DATA' to get to the new summary

```
==MN: TRANSACTION TMA-DATA SUMMARY
```

Tran id	Tran number	TMA token	Start time	Dispatch time	CPU time	Suspend time	Dispatch Wait time	Change mode Delay time
CECI	0024121	153BA000	11:59:22.3794	00:00:00.2767	00:00:00.0071	Running	00:00:00.0227	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030749	1640D000	11:59:49.4994	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0004	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0001
MQED	0030750	1641D000	11:59:50.0640	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030751	164C4000	11:59:50.0644	Running	00:00:00.0006	00:00:00.0002	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0001
MQED	0030752	153CD000	11:59:50.0652	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0002	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030753	153F8000	11:59:50.0654	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030754	16408000	11:59:50.0657	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030755	16411000	11:59:50.0659	Running	00:00:00.0006	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000	00:00:00.0000

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MN'

```
==MN: TRANSACTION TMA-DATA SUMMARY
```

Tran id	Tran number	TMA token	Start time	Dispatch time	CPU time	Suspend time	Dispatch Wait time	Change mode Delay time
CECI	0024121	153BA000	11:59:22.3794	00:00:00.2767	00:00:00.0071	Running	00:00:00.0227	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030749	1640D000	11:59:49.4994	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0004	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0001

- Times are in STCK, not Local.
 - ▶ A task is always either Suspended or Dispatched.
 - ▶ Running in the Suspend Time column means the task is currently suspended. Its Suspend Time Clock is running.

VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MN'

```
==MN: TRANSACTION TMA-DATA SUMMARY
```

Tran id	Tran number	TMA token	Start time	Dispatch time	CPU time	Suspend time	Dispatch Wait time	Change mode Delay time
CECI	0024121	153BA000	11:59:22.3794	00:00:00.2767	00:00:00.0071	Running	00:00:00.0227	00:00:00.0000
MQED	0030749	1640D000	11:59:49.4994	Running	00:00:00.0007	00:00:00.0004	00:00:00.0001	00:00:00.0001

- Running in Dispatch Time means task's Dispatch Time clock is running. It is dispatched
- In this dump, STCK time of dump is 11:59:49.737423
- Subtracting transaction start time of 30749 from the dump time shows it started 0.238 seconds ago
 - ▶ Since that task's Suspend Time is next to nothing, that means it has been Dispatched all that time. A task is always either Dispatched or Suspended.
- Scroll down below this summary
 - ▶ For each task you get a DFH\$MOLS style layout of the non-zero monitoring fields so you can see what each task has done.



VERBX DFHPDxxx 'MN'

MNTMA 1640D000 Transaction Monitoring Area

FIELD-NAME	UNINTERPRETED	INTERPRETED
DFHTASK C001 TRAN	D4D8C5C4	MQED
DFHCICS C089 USERID	C3C9C3E2E4E2C5D9	CICSUSER
DFHTASK C004 TTYPE	E2C40000	SD..
DFHCICS T005 START	C818F40EC527BE03	2011/07/20 11:59:49.4994
DFHTASK P031 TRANNUM	0030749C	0030749
DFHTASK A109 TRANPRI	00000001	1
DFHPROG C071 PGMNAME	D4D8C7C5E3D3D6C3	MQGETLOC
DFHDATA A395 WMQREQCT	00000005	5
DFHTASK S007 USRDISPT	C818F40EC542244E 80000004	Running 4
DFHTASK S008 USRCPUT	00000000002CE9C0 00000003	00:00:00.000718 3
DFHTASK S014 SUSPTIME	00000000001A664B 00000004	00:00:00.000422 4
DFHTASK S102 DISPWTT	000000000007474B 00000003	00:00:00.000116 3
DFHTASK S255 QRDISPT	0000000000045580 00000001	00:00:00.000069 1
DFHTASK S256 QRCPUT	00000000000467E0 00000001	00:00:00.000070 1

What we know

- CICS Dump was taken at 12:59:49.737423 Local Time
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- There currently are seven tasks in WMQ at dump time
- Task 30749 became running at 12:59:49.499427
- Program MQPUTLOG made a WMQ PUT1 call at offset X'44DA'
- WMQ PUT1 call was made to ED.LOG.QUEUE
 - ▶ SYNCPOINT Option
 - ▶ Eight byte buffer
 - ▶ Data passed was EDZ DATA
- Transaction 30749 has currently issued five WMQ requests



Summary

- The basic structure of the CICS-WMQ Adapter
- Differences between the CICS-shipped adapter and the WMQ-shipped adapter.
- Tuning and Monitoring implications
- WMQ and CICS dump formatters
- Dump Analysis

